

# EVERY'S BOLD PLAN TO POLICE TAMMANY. DID HE FOLLOW WIFE IN SUICIDE?

**Ex-Chief Announces His Purpose to Gain Control of Entire Organization as the Successor of Richard Croker.**

## WHAT IS DEVERY AFTER?

The big ex-Chief of Police has gone into politics with the expectation of succeeding Croker as leader of the Tammany Hall organization. Do you think he will land?

"Croker's shoes are too big for me, and I'm not stuck on cast-off foot-wear, anyhow. But there are enough cobbler in New York to make a new pair of shoes for a new man."

—WILLIAM S. DEVERY.

The above announcement, made today to an Evening World reporter, appears to be full answer to the question that all New York is asking: WHAT IS DEVERY AFTER?

He is after the leadership of Tammany Hall. Since his entry into active politics he never has denied that the leadership of Tammany Hall was his ambition, but his announcement to The Evening World is the first authoritative statement from him in that direction. His confidence in himself is sublime, and it is safe to say that he really believes he can fight his way to the powerful position of dictator of Tammany.

The question, "What are you after?" was put to him plump and fair. He deliberated for a moment before replying. Then he made the following characteristic talk:

"I'll Tell You Straight."

"Now, Sport, I'll just tell you what I'm after, and I'll tell it to you straight. What I'm after just now is to give the people of this district a leader."

"They haven't had a leader in years. John Sheehan played the part, and he made a lot of money at it, but he 'went South' with every penny of it."

"He was a dent in the good of the people of the district, and I propose to straighten the dent out. Goodwin don't amount to anything as leader, so far as the benefit of the district is concerned."

## GENTLEMAN, BUT NOT A PERJURER

**Co-Respondent Cave Tells All He Knows in the Salant Divorce Case.**

Married and divorced without the knowledge of his parents is the record of Gabriel Salant, the son and junior partner of the head of the firm of Salant, Horowitz & Salant, shirt manufacturers at No. 14 White street. He was enabled to secure a divorce from his wife, Grace Louise Salant, because the co-respondent named by him, Theodore Cave, a light-haired bank clerk, refused to "perjure himself like a gentleman" in the case. Cave frankly told Referees Wilbur McBride everything he knew.

Gabriel Salant married a beautiful girl of twenty-two in Jersey City on June 9, 1900, and installed her in a prettily furnished apartment at No. 5610 Broadway. Because of his business as a salesman he was much of the time absent from home on the road. In the divorce proceedings Mr. Salant submitted a number of love letters which he had intercepted passing between Mrs. Salant and her young bank clerk, Theodore Cave.

"Never Mind How Late."

"Please come up after banking hours; never mind how late it is," read one of the telegrams which Mrs. Salant had sent to the bank clerk. Other notes of a similar character, all imputing the young man to visit her, were placed in evidence, but others of a more affectionate nature were not put in evidence by Salant's attorneys, Messrs. A. F. Einstein, of No. 226 Broadway, on the ground that they would "attract too much attention from the newspapers."

Theodore Cave, the young bank clerk, who refused to "perjure himself like a gentleman," is known among his associates at the Co-Operative Building, No. 226 Broadway, as "Teddy." He is quite handsome, dresses in the height of fashion, talks with a slight drawl, has yellow hair and when first seen about the Salant case affected to know nothing about it.

"Might Be My Brother."

"Oh, my goodness," said Mr. Cave. "Why, I never heard of the woman. I certainly don't know her. I don't know where she works. I don't know where he works. I don't let the bank people know."

The time has arrived for the people of the Ninth to have a leader who will represent them and look out for them all the time.

"If the people of this district want a leader framed along those lines now is the time for them to get one, and the man is William S. Devery. From the way they are piling up under my banner it looks to me as though they want me. I go on record as saying that if they elect me I will look out for them. I will stand on my record if they elect me, and on my record I will go any place they want to put me."

"If they make me their leader I shan't stop—make up your mind to that. Some newspapers seem to think I am making a sympathy play over here and exercising my money from philanthropic motives. I'm no philanthropist. I am looking out for William S. Devery. Every man of sense looks out for his own interests, but men go about it in different ways."

"My way is the way I am honest in it. I intend to do good for the people of the Ninth Assembly District and I hope that in return the people of the Ninth will remember to help me. That's all there is to it. One good turn deserves another. John Sheehan worked for his own interests when he was leader, but he went about it in a way that has earned him the contempt of the people. He got his, too, but he took it away from the very voters who put him on top. In my case I am going to share whatever comes to me with the people who are my friends. When I get any thing good the people of the district are going to get something good."

**Power Feels Good.**

"Power feels good to any man with ambition. Sport, and any ambitious man can get power of one sort or another. But if a man has a heart in him and gets power by being on the level it feels a whole lot better. Crooked hearts are at the bottom of all the distress in this city."

"I'd tell you that I didn't care for power you would be dead right. In my own mind and in your mind, I'd rather run a city than run a point. I'd rather take hold of a job that would tax my brain and make me hustle than stand around and take things easy no further as some of the front. I have some schemes on foot that are making money all the time and I don't want to stop."

**"I'm No Philanthropist," He Tells The Evening World; "I am Looking Out for the Interests of William S. Devery."**

James Beattie Disappeared After Hearing of Her Death on Child's Grave.

DRANK CARBOLIC ACID.

Both Were Grief-Stricken Over Loss of Little Gertrude—Neighbors Believe Husband Has Now Killed Himself.

"Well, if she's dead I guess there's not much use of me living," said James Beattie as he staggered out of the little flat he and his wife, Gertrude, had occupied at No. 322 East Thirty-ninth street.

He had just returned from his work as a house painter, when the landlord, John Neisher, told him that word had been received to the effect that the dead body of his wife had been found on the grave of their little five-year-old daughter, Gertrude, who died two months ago from diphtheria, and who was buried in Linden Hill Cemetery, Long Island City. The side of the body was found a carbolic acid bottle which told a story of grief and suicide.

**Their Grief Pathetic.**

Mrs. Maurer, a resident of the same flat building, said today that the grief of Beattie and his wife over the death of their child was pathetic and touching. Nearly every day Mrs. Beattie went to the cemetery on Long Island, she said, "always taking flowers or pants. It is said she would sit by the grave for hours at a time and just cry until she was ill. She dressed in deepest mourning after the death of the child and her every action showed that she was heart-broken. She didn't want any one to talk to her. She just wanted to be alone with her grief."

**Last Visit with Flowers.**

When Mrs. Beattie went away the last time she took a handful of flowers and was crying violently. I spoke to her as she passed out, but she didn't hear me, and I guess she couldn't see me for the tears which blinded her. It seemed that instead of getting over the matter and forgetting her sorrow she became worse and her grief more poignant.

To tell the truth I was not much surprised to hear of her suicide at the grave of her dead child. I shall not be much surprised to hear similar news of her husband. Being a man, he couldn't cry like she did, but he had other ways of showing how he felt. Every one here is sorry about it. Every one liked them and would have done anything for them. But they just wanted to be left alone."

Beattie went to Rouss's morgue, Long Island City, saw the body of his wife and said to Mrs. Rouss, who was in charge:

"As long as she has done this thing you can bury her in Potter's Field. I've got no further use for her." He was crying as he left the place. Since then he has not been seen by those who knew him.

## POLICE INSPECTOR CROSS TRANSFERRED TO BRONX.

(Continued from First Page.)

officer in favor of the liberal enforcement of the law, and he did not interfere much with law men at Coney Island. For that reason he has been popular there. Capt. Knipe, who takes his place, is a strict disciplinarian and a stickler for law enforcement. His mean that the Commissioner is not satisfied with conditions there.

Since July 1, including the men reduced to-day, Commissioner Partridge has pulled 160 men from the rank of detective, and six from the rank of patrolman, and six from the rank of sergeant to the rank of roundsman. The reduction in salary of those made patrolmen is \$10 a year.

**Partridge's Statement.**

Concerning the shake-up in general Commissioner Partridge issued the following statement:

"The reduction of the detective sergeants to patrolmen is due to the fact that there were more detective sergeants than the needs of the Department demanded, while the number of patrolmen is less. It was four and one-half years ago at the time of consolidation. These reductions are made possible by a recent decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court affirming the standing of detective sergeants and the reduction of the Detective Council thereon. Some of the detective sergeants reduced have made records as detectives from fair to very good and have been temporarily assigned to detective work in the Detective Bureau. Others have done little or nothing as detectives. As patrolmen they may serve the city better."

about it," he said. "They don't know it yet."

"Yes, I told the truth. I was under oath, wasn't I?"

Mr. Cave lives in the fashionable neighborhood house kept by Mrs. Grimes, of No. 226 Broadway. He met her several times at supper parties and became well acquainted. Frequently he took Mrs. Salant home after the card playing.

As a bank clerk Mr. Cave earns \$1 a week, but a servant girl at his board-house said that he was quite wealthy and received an allowance from his guardian every month. His guardian, she said, lived on Long Island and was a man.

"It's dreadful that 'Teddy' should be brought into such a case," declared the housemaid. "Who when all this happened he was only seventeen years old. 'Teddy' was a fine, healthy, young man. That is an awfully nice young man. I'm so sorry that his name should be brought into the case, and I know everybody in the house will be sorry."

**Three Hours on the Ocean for Fifty Cents.**

One of the plainest and most appreciated afternoon trips out of New York may be taken by the steamer General Slocum, which leaves the Battery every afternoon at 2:30, returning from Rockaway at 8 and 8 o'clock, reaching New York at 7 and 8 o'clock.

## BERNARD GALLAGHER MADE CAPTAIN IN PRICE'S PLACE.

Sergt. Bernard Gallagher, of the Gates Avenue Police Station, Brooklyn, was today appointed captain by Commissioner Partridge to succeed Capt. James K. Price, retired.

Capt. Gallagher was immediately sworn and assigned to the command of the Twelfth Precinct, the original "Red Light" district, which Capt. Price in an interview said was too hard for a man of his age to handle.

The Twelfth Precinct is the Eldridge street station. It is because of the lax methods there that attacks were made on the police system previous to the last campaign. Practically every captain who has commanded this precinct has got into trouble of some character.

It was in this district that Bishop Potter and others of the reform element started their fight. In police Capt. Gallagher is known as an independent Democrat. He is endorsed by Leader Coffey of that faction.

Capt. Gallagher is forty-three years old. He was appointed a patrolman in 1884 by Commissioner Partridge when he was Commissioner of Police in Brooklyn. He was made a roundsman in 1890, a sergeant in 1892 and has been acting Captain for some time.

Capt. Gallagher's record is one of the best in the Brooklyn Police Department. He has made some of the most important arrests in that borough, but with all his success he is extremely modest.

He was born in South Brooklyn and has lived there since his life. He was transferred to the Gates Avenue station Dec. 15, 1900, by the then Chief of Police William S. Devery. He has had charge of that station as acting captain since.

He has had charge of the Sheepshead Bay, Flushing College Point and White-stone stations. His first work as a policeman was done at the Butler street and Hamilton Avenue stations.

in connection with city work, politicians have known for a long time that a big contest would result from the action of Mayor Low.

Corporation Counsel Rives said today that he was not familiar with the seven preliminary suits and did not know whether they were just claims or not. If Horgan & Slattery are entitled to the money they will get it without having to fight for it in the courts. But the Corporation Counsel announces that the claims aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 are unjust and will be fought to a finish by the city.

## ARCHITECTS TO SUE FOR A MILLION.

Horgan & Slattery, Barred from Municipal Work, Begin Action to Collect Their Claims.

Horgan & Slattery, the firm of young architects hoisted to fame and fortune by the last Tammany administration, have begun to fight the city for amounts alleged to be due to them on contracts awarded to the firm by Mayor Van Wyck and the Tammany Board of Estimate.

Seven suits against the city for sums aggregating \$7,194,877 were filed to-day, and other suits for close to \$1,000,000 will soon be begun.

The filing of the suits is the answer of Horgan & Slattery to the announcement of Mayor Low that they would not be allowed to do any of the work authorized by the Tammany administration.

While the amount claimed by Horgan & Slattery is a surprise to persons not familiar with the extent of their operations in connection with city work, politicians have known for a long time that a big contest would result from the action of Mayor Low.

Corporation Counsel Rives said today that he was not familiar with the seven preliminary suits and did not know whether they were just claims or not. If Horgan & Slattery are entitled to the money they will get it without having to fight for it in the courts. But the Corporation Counsel announces that the claims aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 are unjust and will be fought to a finish by the city.

Augustus Van Wyck is attorney for Horgan & Slattery and prominent men in Tammany are active for them. Horgan & Slattery were practically unknown in the architectural world until they were made the official architects by the Tammany administration.

## LEDERHILGER TRIES IN VAIN TO RESIGN.

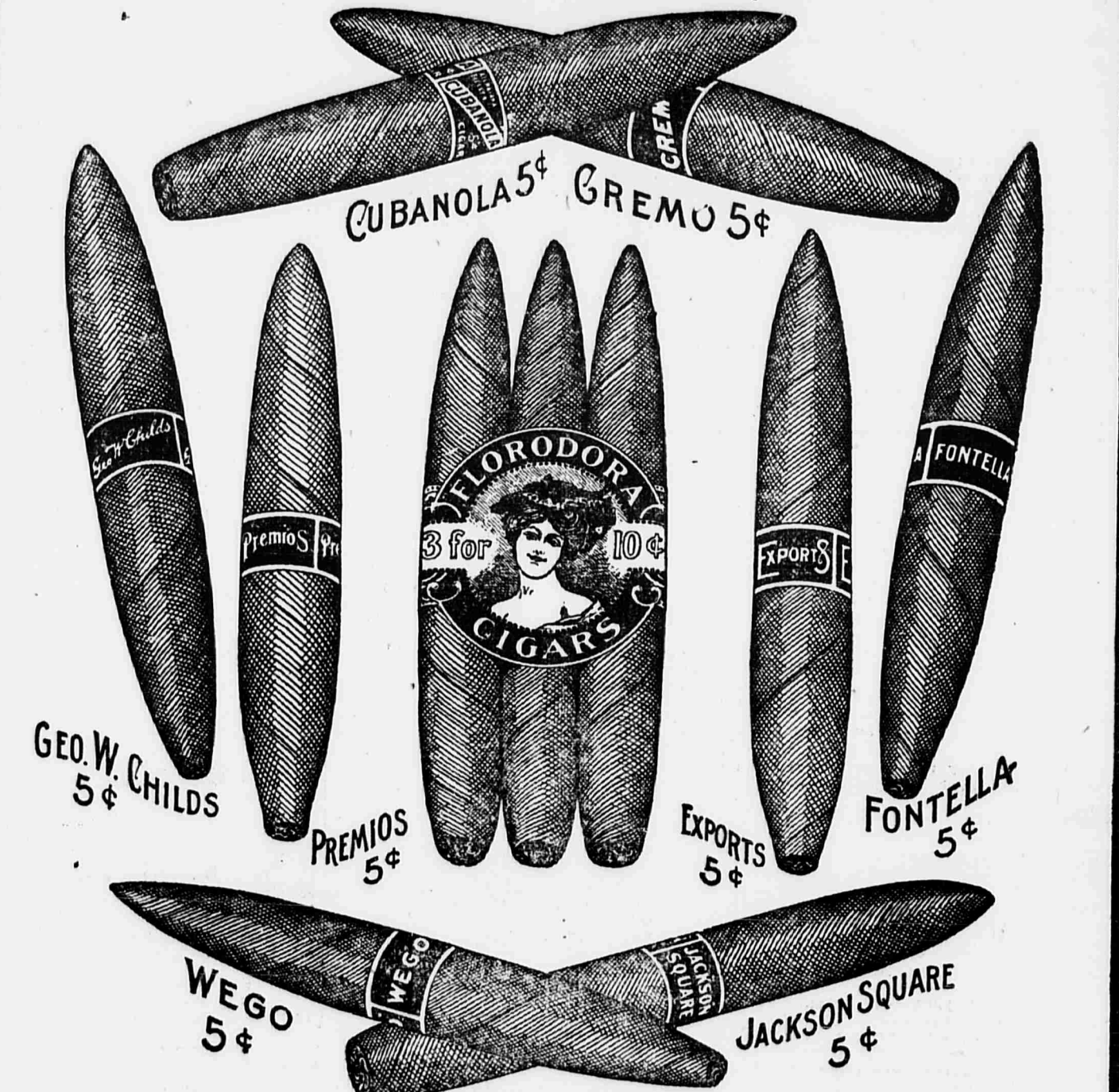
John Lederhilger, Chief Clerk of the Registry Division at Ellis Island, tendered his resignation in writing to Commissioner Williams today. The Commissioner refused to accept it.

The inference is that it is Mr. Williams' intention to prefer charges against Mr. Lederhilger. Mr. Lederhilger was given a vacation of two weeks, to end on July 14, pending an investigation into his official conduct. On the day when he expired his vacation was extended to Aug. 1.

# \$142,500.00

## WILL BE GIVEN AWAY IN JAN. 1903

### BEST AND LARGEST SELLING BRANDS OF CIGARS IN THE WORLD!



## HOW MANY CIGARS will the United States collect Taxes on during the Month of December, 1902?

**\$142,500.00** will be given in January, 1903, to the persons whose estimates are nearest to the number of cigars on which \$3.00 tax per thousand is paid during the month of December, 1902, as shown by the total sales of stamps made by the United States Internal Revenue Department during December, 1902.

Distribution will be made as follows:

To the.....(1) person estimating the closest.....	\$5,000.00 in cash
To the.....2 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	5,000.00 "
To the.....5 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	5,000.00 "
To the.....10 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	5,000.00 "
To the.....20 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	5,000.00 "
To the.....25 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	5,000.00 "
To the.....50 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	2,500.00 "
To the.....100 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	2,500.00 "
To the.....2,000 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	20,000.00 "
To the.....80,000 persons whose estimates are next closest.....	15,000.00 "
35,213 persons.....	\$142,500.00

Every 100 bands from above named cigars will entitle you to four estimates.

(One "Florodora" band counting as two bands from the 5 cent cigars mentioned; and no less than 100 bands will be received at any one time for estimates.)

Information which may be of value in making estimates—the number of Cigars now bearing \$3.00 Tax per thousand, for which Stamps were purchased, appears below:

In December, 1900,	487,002,208 Cigars.	In March, 1902,	516,590,027 Cigars.
" December, 1901,	479,812,170 "	" April, 1902,	516,885,168 "
" January, 1902,	496,983,717 "	" May, 1902,	523,085,007 "
" February, 1902,	445,405,483 "		

In case of a tie in estimates, the amount offered will be divided equally among those entitled to it. Distribution of the awards will be made as soon after January 1st, 1903 as the figures are obtainable from the Internal Revenue Department of the United States for December.

Write your full name and Post Office Address plainly on packages containing bands. The Postage, or Express charges on your package must be fully prepaid in order for your estimate to participate.

All estimates under this offer must be forwarded before December 1st, 1902, to the FLODORODA TAG COMPANY, Jersey City, N. J.

You do not lose the value of your bands. Receipts will be sent you for your bands, and these receipts will be just as good as the bands themselves in securing Presents. One band from "Florodora," or two bands from any of the other Cigars mentioned above, will count in securing Presents the same as one tag from "Star," "Horse Shoe," "Spear Head," "Standard Navy," "Old Peach and Honey," "J. T.," "Master Workman," "Piper Heidsieck," "Jolly Tar," "Boot Jack," "Old Honesty," "Razor," or "Planet" Tobacco; or one "Sweet Caporal" Cigarette Box Front.

Send each estimate on a separate piece of paper, with your name and address plainly written on each. Blank forms for estimates will be mailed upon application. Illustrated Catalogue of Presents for 1903 and 1904 will be ready for distribution about October 1st, 1902, and will be mailed on receipt of ten cents, or ten tobacco tags, or twenty cigar bands.

## COL. LYNCH HELD FOR TRIAL

Denied That He Had a Mission from Dr. Leyds in the Transvaal.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Col. Arthur Lynch, the Nationalist member of Parliament, who is accused of high treason during the Boer war, was taken to Bow Street Police Court to-day. Before the Court committed him for trial Col. Lynch made a long statement, in which he said that he had gone to South Africa under contract with the Paris Journal, and that he had not expected to stay more than two months.

## DURAND FOR GOVERNOR.

Michigan Democrats Nominate a Gold Adherent.

DETROIT, Aug. 1.—Judge George H. Durand, of Flint, who is classed as a gold Democrat, was nominated for Governor by the Democrats of Michigan. Judge Durand did not attend the convention nor authorize any one to state that he would accept. The free-silver element made a vigorous fight to defeat him. Judge Durand, it was stated, was taking in the northern part by wire. The nomination was made unanimously after the fourth ballot.

## LEDERHILGER TRIES IN VAIN TO RESIGN.

John Lederhilger, Chief Clerk of the Registry Division at Ellis Island, tendered his resignation in writing to Commissioner Williams today. The Commissioner refused to accept it.

The inference is that it is Mr. Williams' intention to prefer charges against Mr. Lederhilger. Mr. Lederhilger was given a vacation of two weeks, to end on July 14, pending an investigation into his official conduct. On the day when he expired his vacation was extended to Aug. 1.

## COL. LYNCH HELD FOR TRIAL

Denied That He Had a Mission from Dr. Leyds in the Transvaal.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Col. Arthur Lynch, the Nationalist member of Parliament, who is accused of high treason during the Boer war, was taken to Bow Street Police Court to-day. Before the Court committed him for trial Col. Lynch made a long statement, in which he said that he had gone to South Africa under contract with the Paris Journal, and that he had not expected to stay more than two months.